

SASOL LIMITED

ANNUAL FINANCIAL RESULTS for the year ended 30 June 2023

Progressing a sustainable Future Sasol



AGENDA

Business overview

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Financial overview

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Strategy overview

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Q&A

Forward-looking statements





These statements may also relate to our future prospects, expectations, developments and business strategies

Sasol may, in this document, make certain statements that are not historical facts and relate to analyses and other information which are based on forecasts of future results and estimates of amounts not yet determinable. These statements may also relate to our future prospects, expectations, developments, and business strategies. Examples of such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the impact of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, and measures taken in response, on Sasol's business, results of operations, markets, employees, financial condition and liquidity; the effectiveness of any actions taken by Sasol to address or limit any impact of COVID-19 on its business; the capital cost of our projects and the timing of project milestones; our ability to obtain financing to meet the funding requirements of our capital investment programme, as well as to fund our ongoing business activities and to pay dividends; statements regarding our future results of operations and financial condition, and regarding future economic performance including cost containment, cash conservation programmes and business optimisation initiatives; recent and proposed accounting pronouncements and their impact on our future results of operations and financial condition; our business strategy, performance outlook, plans, objectives or goals; statements regarding future competition, volume growth and changes in market share in the industries and markets for our products: our existing or anticipated investments, acquisitions of new businesses or the disposal of existing businesses, including estimates or projection of internal rates of return and future profitability; our estimated oil, gas and coal reserves; the probable future outcome of litigation, legislative, regulatory and fiscal developments, including statements regarding our ability to comply with future laws and regulations; future fluctuations in refining margins and crude oil, natural gas and petroleum and chemical product prices; the demand, pricing and cyclicality of oil, gas and petrochemical product prices; changes in the fuel and gas pricing mechanisms in South Africa and their effects on prices, our operating results and profitability; statements regarding future fluctuations in exchange and interest rates and changes in credit ratings; total shareholder return; our current or future products and anticipated customer demand for these products; assumptions relating to macroeconomics; climate change impacts and our climate change strategies, our development of sustainability within our Energy and Chemicals Businesses, our energy efficiency improvement, carbon and GHG emission reduction targets, our net zero carbon emissions ambition and future low-carbon initiatives, including relating to green hydrogen and sustainable aviation fuel; our estimated carbon tax liability; cyber security; and statements of assumptions underlying such statements. Words such as "believe", "anticipate", "expect", "intend", "seek", "will", "plan", "could", "may", "endeavour", "target", "forecast" and "project" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and there are risks that the predictions, forecasts, projections, and other forward-looking statements will not be achieved. If one or more of these risks materialise, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated. You should understand that a number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors and others are discussed more fully in our most recent annual report on Form 20-F filed on 31 August 2022 and in other filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. The list of factors discussed therein is not exhaustive: when relving on forward-looking statements to make investment decisions, you should carefully consider foregoing factors and other uncertainties and events, and you should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements apply only as of the date on which they are made, and we do not undertake any obligation to update or revise any of them, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Comprehensive additional information is available on our website: www.sasol.com





Business highlights for FY23



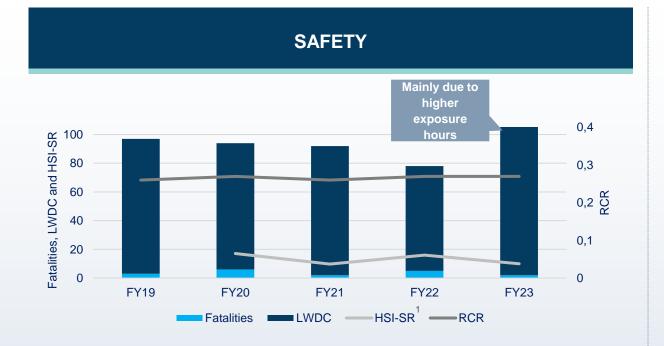
PEDELE	RCR¹ of 0,27 Two tragic fatalities	>R850m CSI spend Committed to social wellbeing	Continued community upliftment through Sasol programmes
	Renewables on track to achieve 1 200MW by 2030	Gas drilling campaign yielding positive results	Sasol/Topsoe JV Unlocking SAF opportunities
BOBI	Operational improvements Successful mitigation plans	Macro headwinds impacting financial results	Sustained dividend payout

Business highlights

1. RCR – Recordable Case Rate

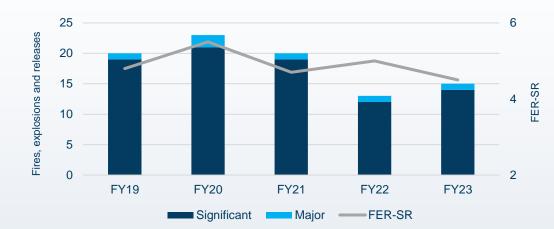
Our safety commitment reinforced





- 2 tragic fatalities in FY23
- Focused HSI programme yielding overall safety improvements
- Continued implementation of lessons learnt across operations
- Improved safety culture through leadership engagement

ENVIRONMENTAL



- FER-SR decrease supported by HSI programme
- No major process safety incidents in H2 FY23
- Continued focus on process safety discipline
- Road transportation remains a key focus

Near term challenges to operating environment persist





Reset initiatives building resilience while longer term fundamentals remain attractive

Operating performance

Committed to our strategic pathways





Delivering on guidance despite ongoing headwinds





ENERGY BUSINESS

- 3% ▼ Mining productivity; coal quality improvement initiatives progressing; 5% improved productivity in H2
- 2% Mozambique gas production; 5 additional wells brought online
- 1%▲ Secunda production, despite Total East factory shutdown; successful management interventions in H2
- 1%▲ Gross margin; positive macro impact offset by higher crude oil costs



CHEMICALS BUSINESS

- 1% Africa sales volumes, despite ongoing infrastructure challenges in SA
- 9% ▲ US sales volumes, increase in utilisation rates
- 19%▼ EU sales volumes, operating rates aligned to lower demand
- 20% ▼ Gross margin; weak macro environment with reduced global demand, higher energy and feedstock costs

Mitigation actions yielding a strong recovery in operational performance

Operating performance

Mining full potential programme moving to Phase 2



FY23 delivery
 Coal stockpile maintained and productivity within guidance
 Improvements at Syferfontein in 1st phase of full potential
 Learnings embedded for next phase rollout



Focus areas

- Embed safe operating discipline
- Destoning test completed, engineering work advancing to development phase
- Advance coal sourcing alternatives
- Deploy full potential at Shondoni and Thubelisha collieries in H1 FY24
- Leadership continuity at executive level

Progressing operational mitigation plans | SA and International





Mozambique gas drilling campaign yielding positive results





PPA	PSA	Exploration	
Successful gas drilling results 5 new wells brought online	PSA progressing within budget and schedule Initial gas facility construction and commissioning completed	New gas discovery in exploration block PT5-C	Total investment of ~US\$530m ¹ in Mozambique to secure future gas

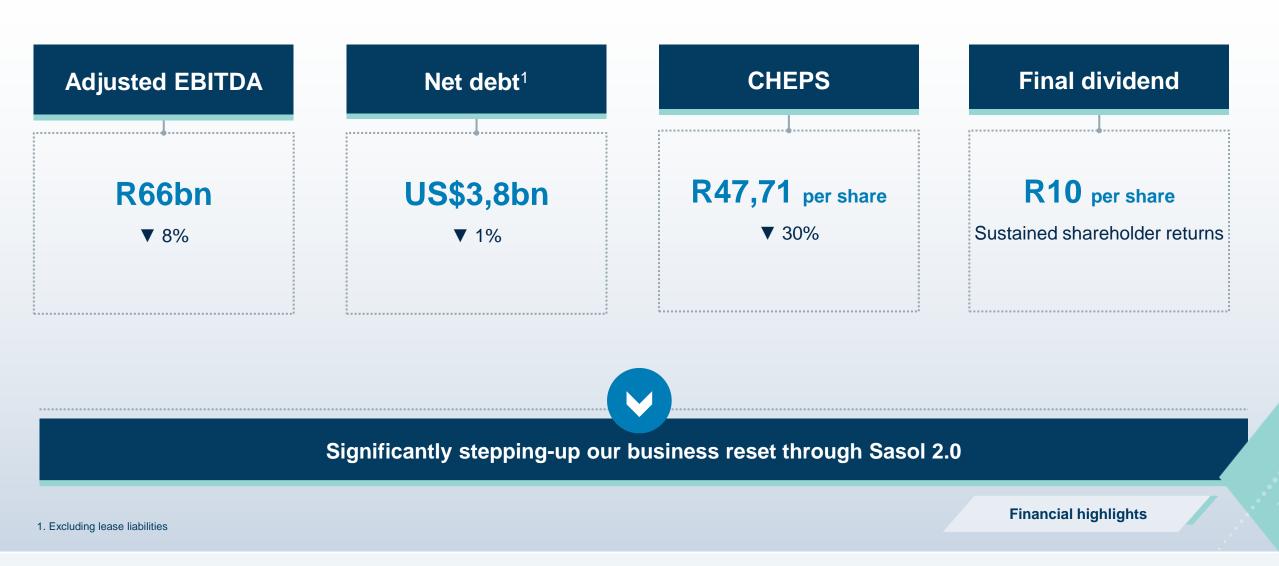
Positive gas drilling results creating feedstock flexibility for Future Sasol

Operating performance

1. Total capital for plateau extension projects for the PPA, PSA Development project and exploration from project inception

FY23 financial summary



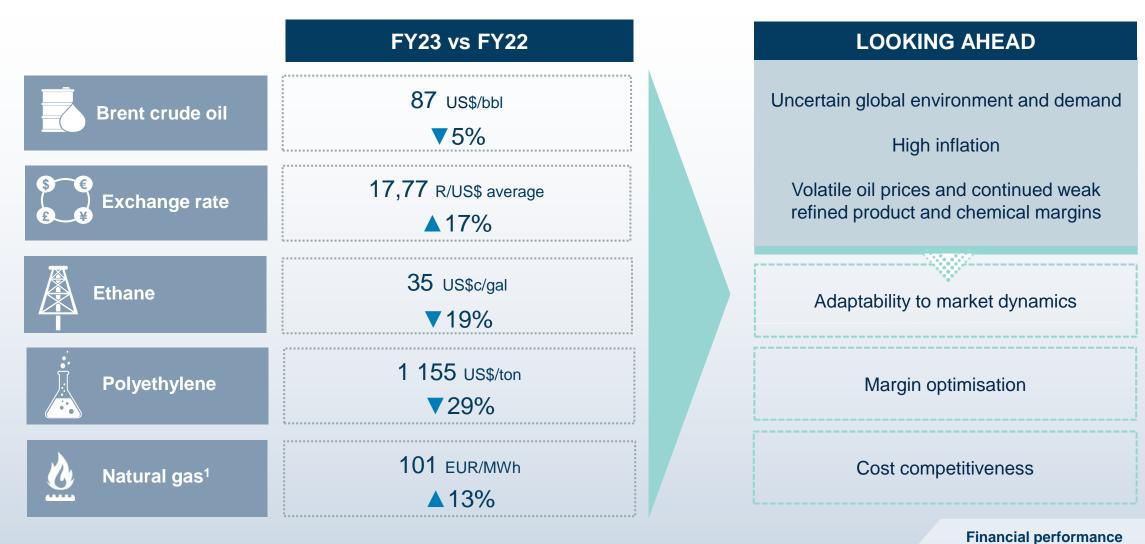






Navigating a volatile macro environment

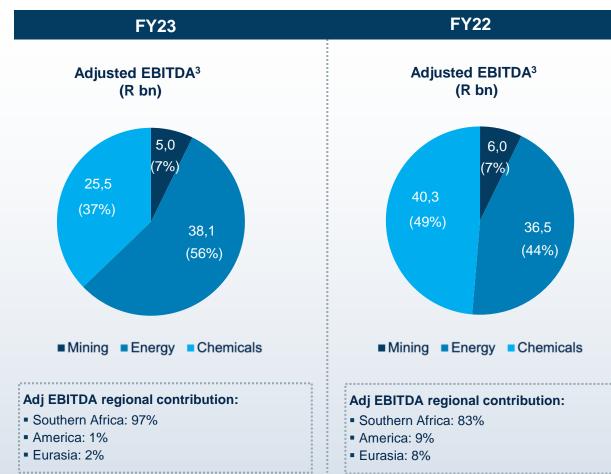




Group profitability



	FY23	FY22	
	Rm	Rm	%
Turnover ¹	289 696	272 746	6▲
Gross margin	128 674	142 584	10▼
Cash fixed cost	(68 836)	(62 121)	11 🔺
Adjusted EBITDA (Rm)	66 305	71 843	8 🔻
Non cash cost (including depreciation and amortisation)	18 145	17 420	4▲
Remeasurement items ²	(33 898)	9 903	>100
Earnings before interest and tax (Rm)	21 520	61 417	65▼
Cash generated by operating activities (Rm)	64 637	56 138	15▲
Capital expenditure (Rm)	30 854	22 713	36▲
Earnings per share (R)	14,00	62,34	78▼
Core headline earnings per share (R)	47,71	68,54	30▼
Dividends per share (R)	17,00	14,70	16▲



1. Turnover and variable cost have been restated by ~R3bn respectively for FY22. The error had no impact on gross margin and earnings. Refer to FY23 AFS for details on the restatement.

2. Remeasurement items relates mainly to: FY23: Fuels: R35,3bn impairment loss on Secunda liquid fuels refinery CGU; America: R3,6bn reversal of the Tetramerization value chain impairment;. FY22: Gas: R4,9bn gain on the disposal of our Canadian shale gas assets and R3,7bn gain on disposal of ROMPCO; Europe: R2,9bn gain on disposal of Wax business.

3. Excludes the Corporate Centre EBITDA profit/(loss) in FY23 and FY22.

R35bn Secunda liquid fuels refinery CGU impairment

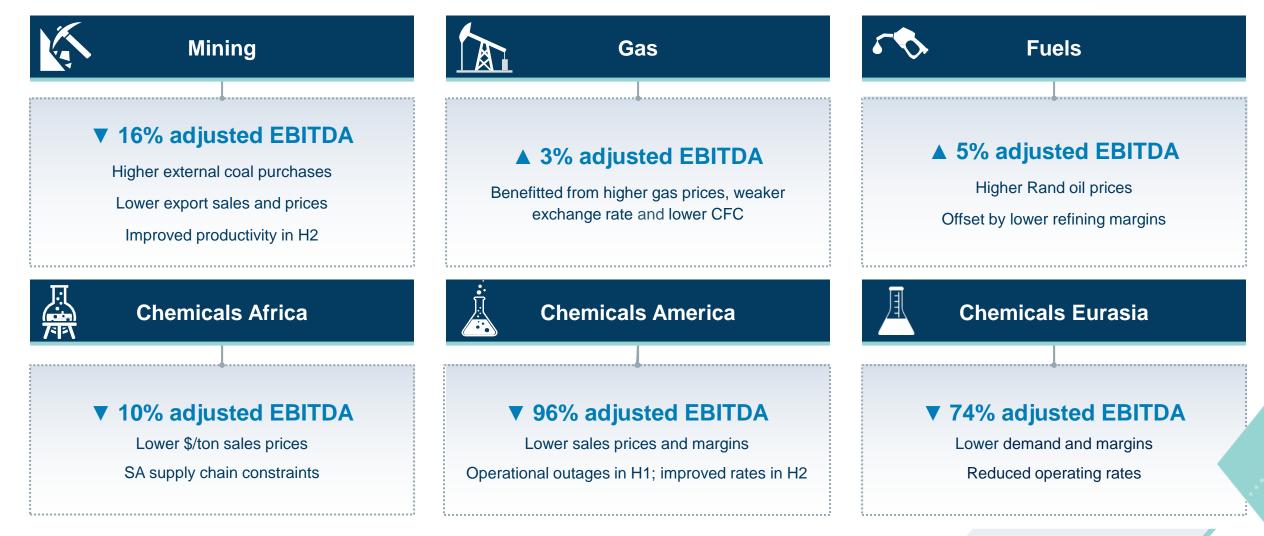




- Refinement of emission reduction roadmap (ERR)
- Update of macro-economic assumptions including higher cost of capital, cost of feedstock and domestic gas pricing
- Lower Secunda production volumes post 2030
- Future upside potential through technology and feedstock solutions to restore volumes
- No impairment of Secunda Chemicals CGUs due to higher value products

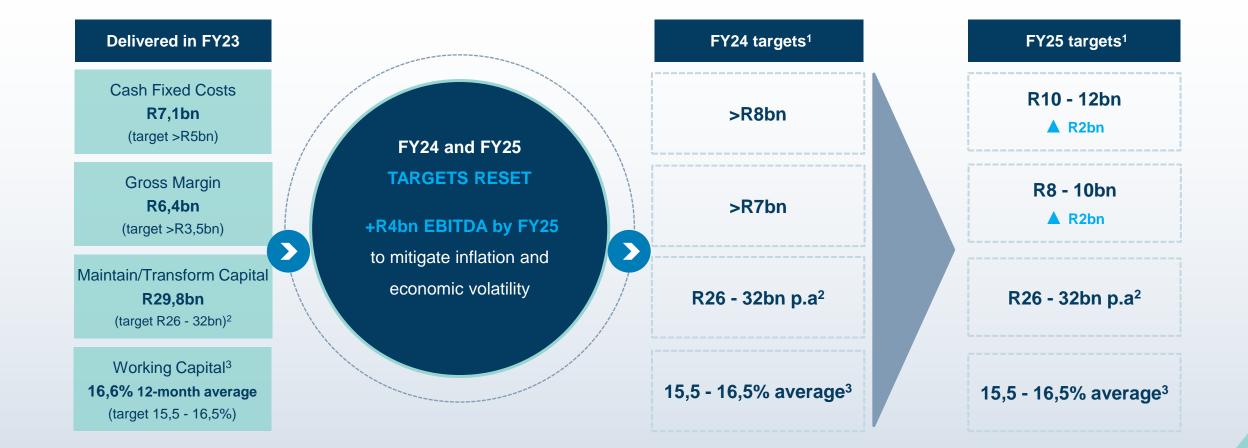
Segmental performance





Sasol 2.0 ambition increased to further improve resilience

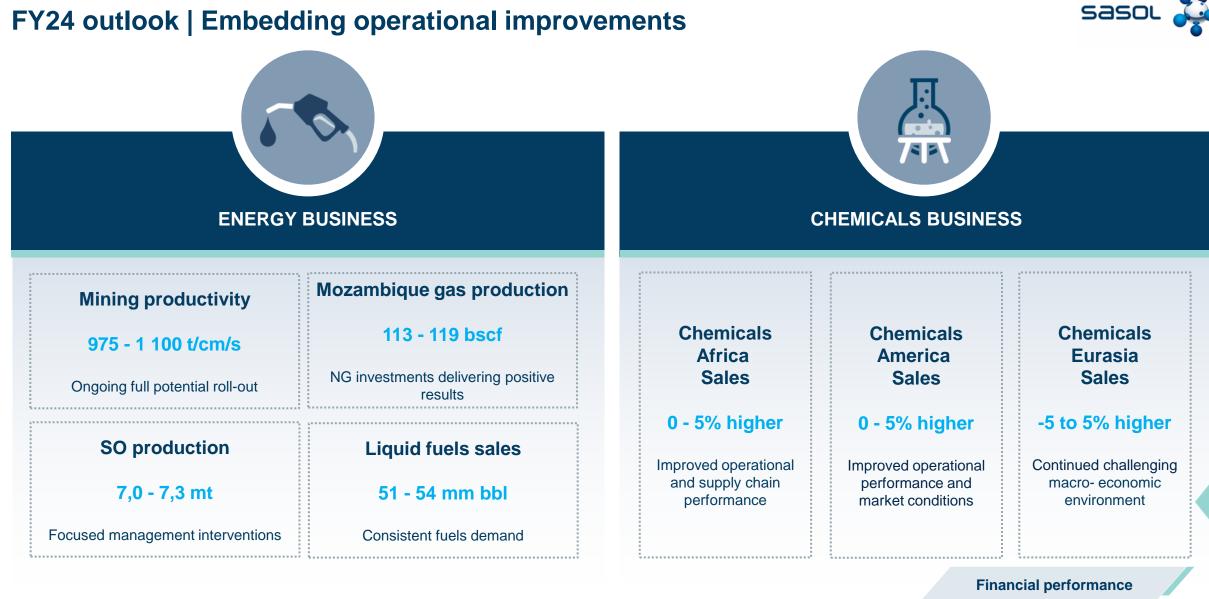




1. Baseline comparison to FY20 for cash fixed cost and gross margin; FY19 for working capital

2. Maintain and Transform capital expenditure, target in FY23 real terms (adjusted from R20-25bn in real terms FY20)

3. Working capital on a rolling 12-month average

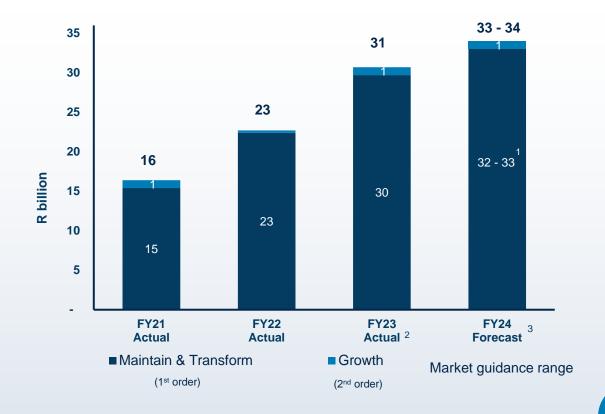


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Prudent capital management continues





 Safe and reliable operations while progressing our transform objectives

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- FY23 Maintain and Transform capital of R30bn
 - SO Total shutdown and ramp up of PSA
 - Ramp up of environmental compliance roadmaps, including Clean Fuels 2
- Growth: R1bn includes smaller growth projects
- Higher inflation and weaker R/\$ impacting capital spend profile

Focused capital allocation underpinned by our balanced investment decisions

- 1. FY24 capex estimate in nominal terms, aligned to the R26-32bn Maintain and Transform range in 2023 real terms
- 2. Actual based on R17,77/US\$ for FY23
- Forecast based on R16,10/US\$ for FY24
 Capital expenditure is impacted by R/US\$ exchange rate 10c change equals ~ R75m impact in capital cost

Disciplined capital allocation remains an imperative



Transform capital Selective growth Maintain capital safe and reliable small high-return, deliver GHG reduction operations short payback targets Sustenance capital level maintained; compliance capital projects R26 - 32bn per annum¹ projects progressing st order allocaion **Deleverage** balance sheet Robust liquidity with FY24 maturities addressed <1.5x ND:EBITDA Net debt² <US\$4bn Strengthening balance sheet through operational improvement - Transform (ERR) capital being optimised Pay dividends of 2,8 - 2,5x cover of CHEPS Ongoing commitment to shareholder returns And And / or 2nd order / or allocation Partnering to optimise growth capital; Sasol Ventures **Expansionary New** sustainable **Deliver** additional advancing opportunities growth of business shareholder returns businesses

1. In FY23 real terms (adjusted from R20-25bn real terms FY20)

2. Net debt excluding lease liabilities

Capital allocation





Transitioning our business in a changing world



Energy security following war in Ukraine

Uncertain regulation and policies

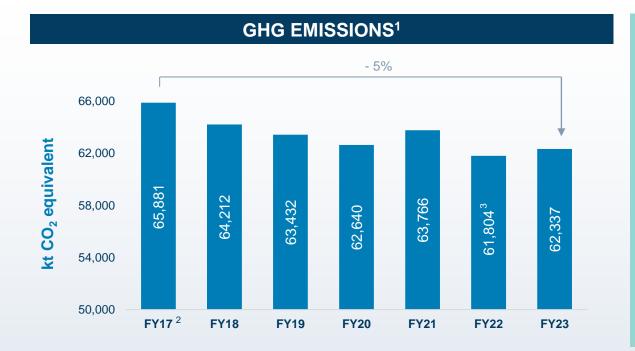
Global inflationary and demand pressures

Affordable and sustainable transition prioritised

Committed to a balanced and measured approach in resetting and transforming our business

GHG reduction through focussed initiatives





- ~5% GHG emission reduction off 2017 baseline
- Higher production rates contributed to marginally higher emissions in FY23 vs. FY22
- Continued progress on energy efficiency projects
 - Impacted by external power disruptions and poor coal quality leading to operational instabilities
 - ~13% improvement from 2005 baseline
- 2030 GHG emission reduction target on track

Steady progress on our emission reduction roadmaps through focused initiatives

- 1. Energy and Chemicals Scope 1 and 2 emissions, excludes scope 1 and 2 emissions from Natref and Mozambique to align with our 2030 30% reduction scope
- 2. FY17 GHG emission baseline re-stated to account for divestments
- 3. FY22 restated due to minor changes in methodology and emission factor updates

Progressing our 2030 GHG reduction targets



Renewable energy integration ~6% 1 **GHG** reduction

Feedstock transition ~12% 1 **GHG** reduction

Boiler turndown and energy efficiency ~12% 1 **GHG** reduction

- >600 MW RE PPAs signed for Secunda Operations; 69 MW under construction for Sasolburg
- ~24 MW PPAs concluded in Europe; received 1st solar energy at Augusta site
- Commissioned ~3MW solar farm in Sasolburg
- Coal briquetting solution for fine coal advancing
- Sasol's Mozambique gas supply prioritised
- Introduction of LNG not viable at current pricing

- ~1st boiler turndown by 2025
- Suite of energy efficiency projects advancing
- Innovative low-carbon steam options explored by R&T

Indicative GHG reduction percentage applies to SA only

Integrated solution delivering multiple benefits, including SO₂ reduction in Secunda

Longer term opportunities developing for Reinvent phase





Sasol / Topsoe JV unlocking SAF opportunities





Progressing studies to support the Lake Charles Sustainability Hub



Sasol's ongoing commitment to society



Contributing to economic growth			
Tax and Royalties R56,1bn	Black-owned business spend R41,7bn		
Skills development R1,4bn	Socio-economic investment R857m		

Positive change in community

Artisan development programme

>15 000 college learners and teachers reached to improve technical skills

Sasol for good

~R13m total spend, with an additional ~R1,6m donated directly through the employee payroll to various causes

Bridge-to-work

 >2600 individuals trained on technical and entrepreneurship disciplines,
 861 businesses received support and/or funding

Community infrastructure

>R170m invested to improve infrastructure, reaching >0,5m people



FY24 priorities | Building a strong foundation for Future Sasol







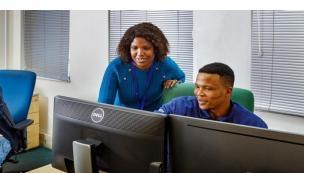






THANK YOU













Abbreviations and definitions



ADR	American Depositary Receipts	mm bbl	million barrel
AFS	Annual financial statements	mt	million tons
bscf	billion standard cubic feet	MW	Megawatt
Capex	Capital expenditure	Natref	National Petroleum Refiners of South Africa (Pty) Ltd
CFC	Cash fixed costs	NG	Natural gas
CGU	Cash generating unit	NYSE	New York Stock Exchange
CHEPS	Core headline earnings per share	p.a	Per annum
CSI	Corporate Social Investment	PPA	Petroleum Production Agreement
ERR	Emission Reduction Roadmap	PPAs	Power Purchase Agreements
ESG	Environmental, Social and Governance	ppm	Parts per million
EU	Europe	p/s	Per share
EUR/MWh	Euro per megawatt hour	PSA	Production Sharing Agreement
FER-SR	Fires' explosions and releases – severity rate	RCR	Recordable case rate
gal	Gallon	RE	Renewable Energy
GHG	Greenhouse gas	ROMPCO	Republic of Mozambique Pipeline Investments Company
H ₂	Hydrogen	R&T	Research and Technology
HSI	High severity injury	SA	South Africa
HSI-SR	High severity injury – severity rate	SAF	Sustainable Aviation Fuels
JSE	Johannesburg Stock Exchange	SO	Secunda Operations
JV	Joint venture	SO ₂	Sulphur dioxide
kt CO ₂	kilo tons carbon dioxide	t/cm/s	tons per continuous miner per shift
	Liquified natural gas	TTF	Title transfer facility
LWDC	Lost work day cases	US	United States

Adjusted EBITDA - Adjusted EBITDA is calculated by adjusting EBIT for depreciation, amortisation, share-based payments, remeasurement items, change in discount rates of our rehabilitation provisions, all unrealised translation gains and losses and all unrealised gains and losses on our derivatives and hedging activities.

Core HEPS - Core HEPS is calculated by adjusting headline earnings with non-recurring items, earnings losses of significant capital projects (exceeding R4 billion) which have reached beneficial operation and are still ramping up, all translation gains and losses (realised and unrealised), all gains and losses on our derivatives and hedging activities (realised and unrealised), and share-based payments on implementation of Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment (B-BBEE) transactions

* All variances disclosed are in comparison between the full year of 2023 and the full year of 2022

Additional information



